

Old Republic Surety is one of the leading providers of this coverage.

application for specialty outside services bond

to Old Republic Surety Company
Old Republic Insurance Company

Your Name _____
First Middle Last

Office Address _____
No., Street

Town, County, State, Zip Code

Business Trade Name _____

Have you sustained any employee dishonesty losses in the last 6 years? Yes No

If yes, give date(s), amount(s), employee's name(s) and action(s) taken _____

No. of Employees (Incl. Owners & Partners) _____

AMOUNT OF AND TYPE OF BOND: ANNUAL PREMIUM
(Check box for desired coverage)

Specialty Outside Services Bond to All Clients

<u>Limits</u>	<u>No. of Emp.</u>	<u>Annual Premium</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> \$2,500 per client/ 7,500 aggregate	3 or less Each Add'l.	\$100.00 20.00
<input type="checkbox"/> \$5,000 per client/ 15,000 aggregate	3 or less Each Add'l.	\$200.00 40.00
<input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000 per client/ 30,000 aggregate	3 or less Each Add'l.	\$300.00 60.00

Specialty Outside Services Bond to a Specific Named Client
Minimum Amt. of Bond: \$10,000
Annual Rate: \$10 per \$1,000 of Cov.

Client's Name _____

Client's Address _____
No., Street

Town, County, State, Zip Code

The undersigned principal agrees to fully indemnify Old Republic Surety Company/Old Republic Insurance Company for any loss or expense, including payment of premium, as a result of becoming surety on the above bond.

Signature of Applicant Date

This bond will be effective when this application is accepted by the company. \$100 Minimum Term Premium Applies.

ARKANSAS: "Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison."

COLORADO: "It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies."

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: "Warning: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant."

FLORIDA: "Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree."

HAWAII: "For your protection, Hawaii law requires you to be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both."

KENTUCKY: "Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime."

LOUISIANA: "Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison."

MAINE: "It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or denial of insurance benefits."

NEW JERSEY: "Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties."

NEW MEXICO: "Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties."

NEW YORK: "Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation."

OHIO: "Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud."

PENNSYLVANIA: "Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties."

RHODE ISLAND: Insurer shall place on the application a warning which indicates the existence of a criminal penalty for failure to disclose a conviction for arson.

TENNESSEE: "It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits."

VIRGINIA: "It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits."